

Introduction about Sweden



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Naturvårdsverket | Swedish Environmental Protection Agency











"Only one earth" 1972 Stockholm Conference The first UN Conference on Environment Protection



The UN Conference on the Human Environment



Foto: FN/Yutaka Nagata

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Illustration: UN

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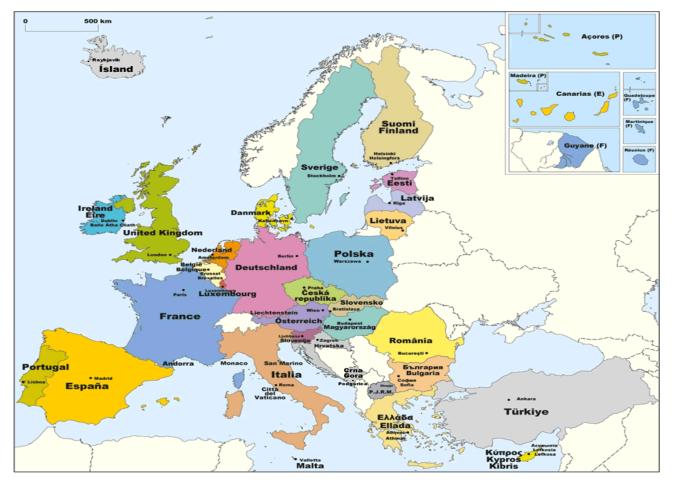
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Some facts:

- Area 450 000 km²
- 1600 km from north to south
- •10 million inhabitants
- •60 % covered with forests
- A parlamentary democracy
- BNP per capita 50 USD
- Important export: engineering products, forest products, mineral products, chemicals

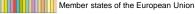
The European Union: 500 million people – 28 (27) countries



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http://europa.eu

250 adopted environmental legal acts



Candidate countries



Sweden is ranked as number 5 in the Environmental Performance Index http://epi.yale.edu/country-rankings



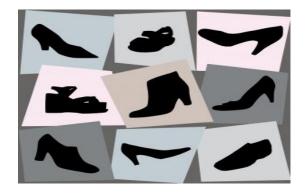




Not sustainable Consumption











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How to improve the environmental situation—some lessons learned

- Political support is fundamental. A broad national consensus on the importance of protecting human health and the environment.
- Instituational capacity/enough resources
- Monitoring the state in the environment and publish results. Tranparancy is essencial
- A knowledge platform resting on a strong academic base of natural science and technology and other disciplines,
- Implementation and enforcement of the legislation
- Good international and national cooperation
- Different instruments are needed in an effective mix

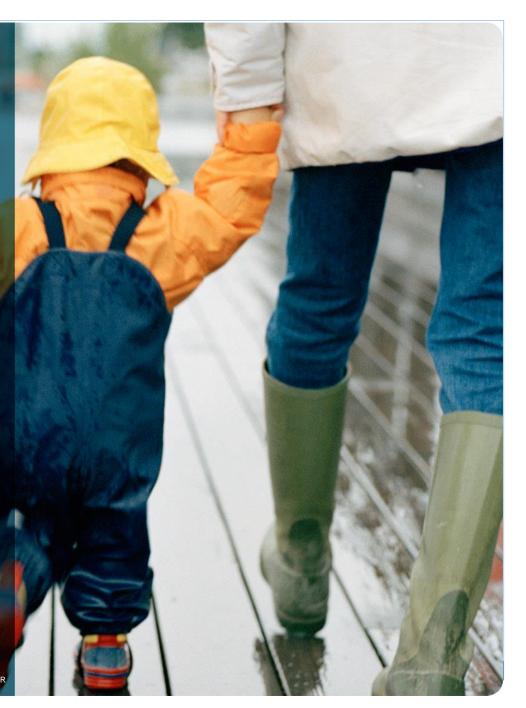
Generational goal

"The overall goal of Swedish environmental policy is to hand over to the next generation a society in which the major environmental problems in Sweden have been solved, without increasing environmental and health problems outside Sweden's borders."

RIKSDAG DECISION ON THE ENVIRONMENTAL OBJECTIVES



PHOTO: ELLIOT ELLIOT/JOHNE





Sweden's environmental objectives



Reduced Climate Impact



Clean Air



Natural Acidification Only



A Non-Toxic Environment



A Protective Ozone Layer



A Safe Radiation Environment



Zero Eutrophication



Flourishing Lakes and Streams



Good-Quality Groundwater



A Balanced Marine Environment, Flourishing Coastal Areas and Archipelagos



Thriving Wetlands



Sustainable Forests



A Varied Agricultural Landscape



A Magnificent Mountain Landscape



A Good Built Environment



A Rich Diversity of Plant and Animal Life



The Swedish Environmental Protection Agency

- A central role in driving, supporting and coordinating the implementation of environmental policies.
- Aims at fulfilling the generation goal and the environmental quality objectives set by the Parliament. When necessary we also propose measures for the environmental progress.



550 employees Stockholm Östersund



Swedish EPA's International Environmental Cooperation

- EU cooperation
- Regional cooperation (Nordic cooperation, Arctic, Barents, ECE)
- Global cooperation (OECD, UN, MEAs)
- Bilateral cooperation
- International Training Programmes

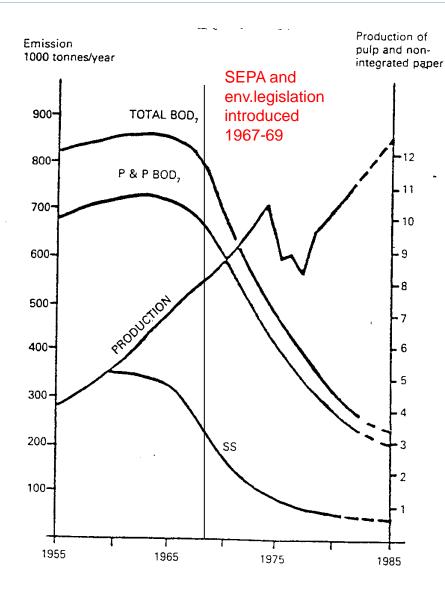


Some Key Principles of Good Governance



- Effectiveness to do the right thing
- Accountability someone must be responsible
- Participation everyone should have a voice
- Transparency the free flow of information
- Rule of law and Non-discrimination everyone is subject to the law
- Minimize corruption





The drastic reduction of discharge to water in the first years of environmental protection

Figure 4. Development within the Swedish pulp and paper industry of production and discharges to receiving waters as biochemical oxygen demand, P & P BOD and suspended solids. SS. Total BOD-refers to the sum of emissions from communities and all types of industries together.